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BULBS U. 8. Importment of Agriculture SPRING GARDEN A14

FALL 1937 SPRING1938



DETER VALINGA 1452 Floribunda Avenue BURLINGAME CALIFORNIA Telephone Burlingame 8619

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TULIP CULTURE

PLANTING

TIME—Late October or early November is the best—by putting a handful of sand under each bulb you can plant as late as Christmas.

PLACE—Tulips can stand full sun, but will last longer in half shade — preferably, morning sun and afternoon shade.

MANURE—Unless tulips have been in the same ground for several years, we do not advise the use of manure or fertilizer. If you must use fertilizer, use an equal mixture of bone and bloodmeal, working it in below the bulb.

DEPTH AND SPACE—With interplanting 12 inches apart, otherwise six inches. Space bulbs on top of the ground first, and then plant four to five inches deep—all at equal depth. If soil is very stiff, loosen with peat or coarse sand.

CARE OF BULBS

WATERING—Give bulbs good soaking right after planting. It is of great importance that you water the bulbs every week until the rains start.

CULTIVATION—When tulip sprouts are an inch above the ground, loosen soil around them, and keep that soil loose. Keep bulbs well watered; only, stagnant water will rot a bulb. Tulips blooming very close to the ground show lack of water.

REMOVING AFTER BLOOMING—If convenient, leave bulbs in the ground for at least two years. Remove foliage when you can do so by twisting it off. When moving, take all the foliage and considerable dirt and trench in a shady place to heal. Store bulbs in a cool place.

DARWIN TULIPS are the tall self colored tulips, predominating in the reds, whites and pinks. **BREEDERS**, which always have a yellow center, come in the darker shades. **COTTAGE TULIPS** have pointed petals, some of the best yellows are in this class. **LILY FLOWERED TULIPS** open in the day time like lilies, and close at night.

White Shades.	er Doz.	Per 100
ZWANENBURG — Darwin. Pure white Giant Flowering Tulip	k1 15	\$8.25
ANNA PAVLOVA—Cottage. Tall, globular white. Novelty		16.00
PICOTEE—Lily Flowered. White margined carmine rose. The color suffusing the whole flower as it ages	0.75	5.50
Red, Scarlet and Rose-Red Shades.		
CITY OF HAARLEM—Darwin. Deep blood red. One of the largest tulips. Strong stems	1.10	8.00
PRIDE OF HAARLEM—Darwin. A lighter red of fine substance, and moderatedly priced	0.75	5.50
KING GEORGE V—Darwin. Carmine red. Beautiful with an interplanting of Myosotis	1.25	9.00
Yellow Shades.		
AVIS KENNICOTT—Cottage. Deep yellow, black center, larger than Mrs. Moon	0.80 0.80 0.95	6.00 6.00 6.00 7.00 8.75
vation	1.15	8.25
shape of a Darwin. Glossy canary yellow	0.75	5.50
Pink Shades.		
CLARA BUTT — Darwin. Clear bright pink. One of the best pinks	0.75	5.50
MARCELLINA—Lily Flowered. This is an improved Sirene, and created a great deal of interest at the shows this year. Deep pink. Reflexing petals	0.95	7.00
DIDO—Cottage. Two tone tulip. Sometimes more pink than orange; other times more orange than pink. Does well in any location	0.80	6.00
Orange and Bronze Shades.		
LUCIFER—Breeder. Clear orange with a rosy flush. Very large flower on tall stem. Late	1.25	9.00

P	er Doz.	Per 100
DILLENBURG—Breeder. A magnificent tulip, exceedingly large, bright, salmon-orange. Novelty	1.25	9.00
INDIAN CHIEF—Breeder. Reddish mahogany. One of the tallest tulips. Gorgeous when interplanted, in full sun, with lighter tulips	1.65	11.00
BRONZE QUEEN—Breeder. Light bronze, early		5.50
beauty		9.00
Maroon-Black and Purple Shades.		
LA TULIPE NOIRE—Darwin. The blackest of all tulips	1.00	7.50
VALENTIN — Darwin. Mauve violet. Fine in combination with Zwanenburg	0.95	7.00
THE BISHOP—Darwin. Pure Violet. Fine show flower VELVET KING—Breeder. Rich velvety purple		9.00 7.00
PARROT TULIPS		
FANTASY—Same color as Clara Butt, of which it is a sport. Watch the green bud turn into a deep pink, with lacinated petals. Put in sheltered location	1.25	9.00
BOTANICAL TULIPS		
CLUSIANA—Elegant, medium seize, elongated blooms. Bright cherry red outside. Fine for rockgarden. Plant in clumps	0.95	7.00
KAUFMANNIANA—The water-lily tulip. Creamy white, yellow center. Outside rosy red. Very early		10.00
HYACINTHS		

Same culture as tulips. Blooms two weeks before tulips. Our size, 17 cM does equally well for outside as for inside use.

INNOCENCE—Pure white, early.

QUEEN OF THE PINKS—Bright pink.

LADY DERBY—Light pink, early.

KING OF THE BLUES—Dark blue.

PERLE BRILLIANT - Light blue.

CITY OF HAARLEM—Cream color.

DR. LIEBER—Bright blue, medium early.

	Per Doz.	Per 100
All varieties	\$1.50	\$11.00
A smaller size	1.40	9.00

NARCISSI

PLANTING

TIME—September is the best month, but have them in the ground before the rains start.

Depth — Plant four to five inches below the surface.

PLACE—Half shade with morning sun and afternoon shade. They can stand full sun, but not full shade.

Can be left in the ground for five or six years. When they get too crowded, lift them after leaves have withered, and replant right away in new location.

WATERING—Water after planting and give them an occasional watering until rains start.

BUNCH FLOWERED	er Doz.	Per 100
Paper White can be had in bloom in January if planted in September and watered every two weeks until rains start Soleil d'Or—Yellow and orange, bloom early in January Laurenz Koster—Creamy white periant, yellow cup. March bloomer	1.10	\$5.00 8.00 6.00
TRUMPET DAFFODILS		
King Alfred—The best of the yellow daffodils; very early	1.50	10.00
Tresserve—Follows King Alfred in bloom. Planted together gives long period of flowering	1.25	9.00
Spring Glory—Pure yellow trumpet, white periant. Plant in half shade	1.00	7.50
JONQUILS	, .	
The true jonquil has round foliage, whereas the daffodil has flat foliage.		
Buttercup — Looks like a miniature King Alfred, but has straight cup	1.25	9.00

	Per Doz.	Per 100
BARRII (Small cup) NARCISSUS		
Bath Flame—Early, red cup with large yellow periant. Keep in half shade. Wonderful cut-	1.50	12.00
flower	1.50	12.00
Diana Kasner — Pure white periant, large fluted yellow cup, deeply frilled, blood red	1.40	10.00
Early Surprize—Periant white, orange cup. Striking variety	1.00	7.00
INCOMPARABILIS OR MEDIUM CUP NARCISSUS		
Croesus—Light yellow periant; broad orange-yellow cup. Strong grower	1.75	14.00
LEEDSII NARCISSUS (White or light yellow)		
Lord Kitchener—The hardiest of the white trumpet group. Early bloomer	1.25	8.50
Hera – Follows Lord K. in bloom; plant together	1.25	8.50
POETICUS NARCISSUS (Pheasant's eye type)		
Homer—Pure white periant with yellow cup edged red	0.90	6.50

DUTCH IRIS

The Dutch Iris is an improved type of the old Spanish Iris. Plant two to three inches deep. Likes full sunshine. Flowers from late February until May for the later varieties.

	Per Doz.	Per 100
LEONARDO DA VINCI—Standards cream, falls deeper	•	
yellow with orange blotch. Strong grower	\$0.65	\$5.00
WHITE EXCELSIOR - Pure white, early	0.80	6.00
YELLOW QUEEN-Golden yellow, early	0.65	5.00
IMPERATOR - Dark blue, late	0.65	5.00
WEDGEWOOD - Light blue, early	1.10	8.00

MISCELLANEOUS BULBS

RANUNCULUS

A soil that is rich and is not too stiff is the best. Preferably in a sunny location. Plant two inches deep, and soak bulbs two hours in water before planting. If possible, keep away from the hedges, in which the birds seek shelter. Plant with claws downward.

	Per Doz.	
Tecolote Giants—Red, yellow, white and orange	фО.ОО	φ4.00
ANEMONES		
Same cultural directions as Ran. Plant bulbs with point	5	
downward. Monarch de Caen—Single	0.60	4.00
St. Brigid — Semi double		4.00
FREESIAS White Chief (Early Giant White)—The best early white freesia on the market. Stems average 18 to 30 inches Fine for forcing		3.00
Golden Daffodil—Clear light yellow		2.50
Marie Louise Fisher—Lavender blue		3.00
Tritonia Crocata—Often called the Flame Freesia		3.00
IXIAS—Yellow, red, lemon and lemon-red	0.50	3.50
CROCUS		•
We offer only the Mediterranean varieties because they are the only ones that will last in California.	/	
Sieberie — Blue with golden throat	. 0.55	3.75
Tomasinianus—Pale lavender		3.00
Susianus—Cloth of Gold	_	2.50
Imperati — Buff, outside violet		5.00
Biflorus—White	. 0.60	4.00
MUSCARI		
We offer a new light-blue grape hyacinth which is in every way superior to the well-known Heavenly Blue White	0.45	3.00 3.00
SCILLA		
Quite often called wood hyacinths or blue bells. Fine fo border planting. Blue, white and pink	_	4.00

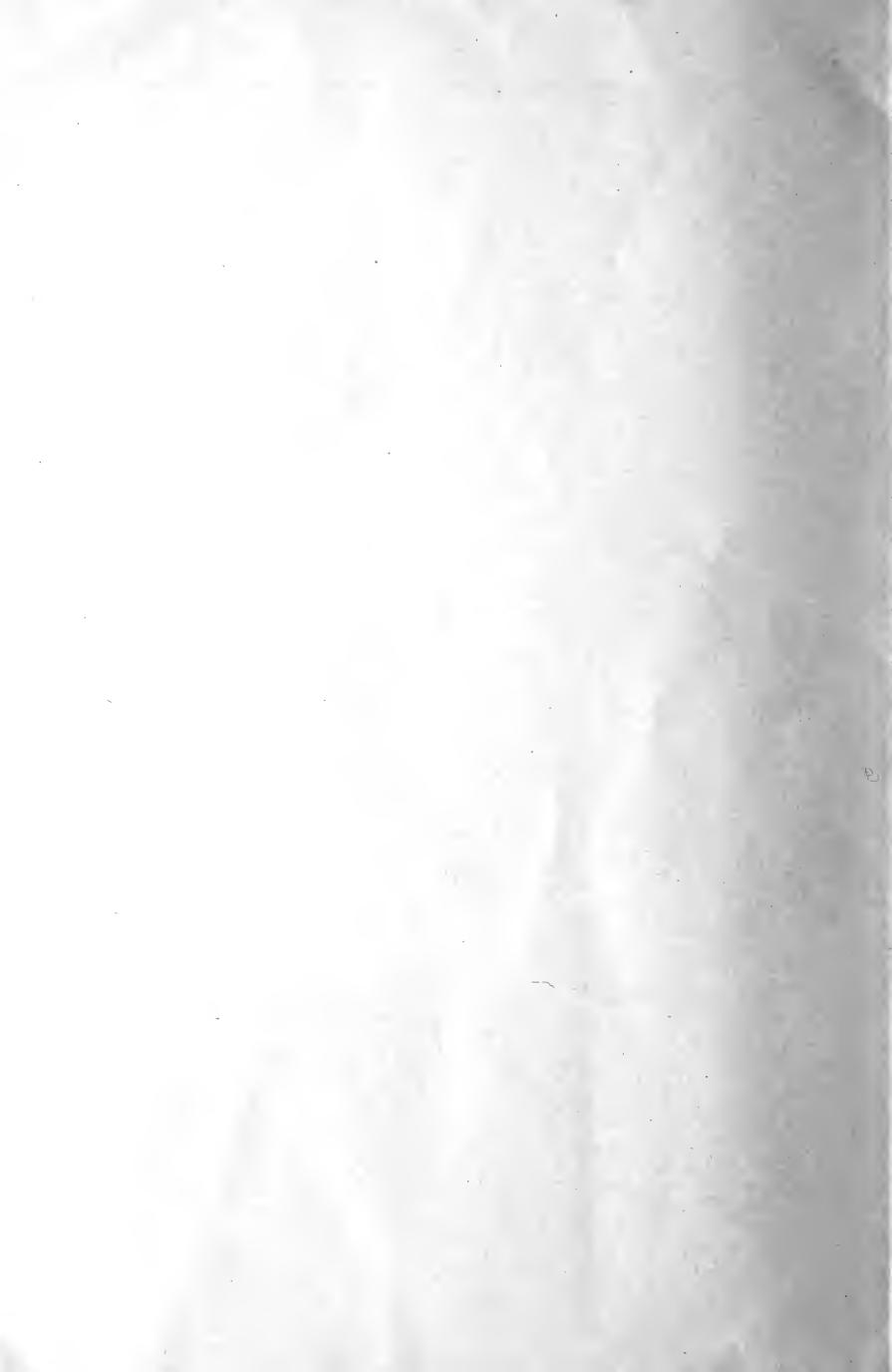
Per Doz.	Per 100
\$4.00	\$24.00
4.00	25.00
2.50	16.00
2.75	18.00
2.50	20.00
2.50	20.00
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	per 100
	Per Doz\$4.00 4.00 2.50 2.75 2.50 2.50 2.50

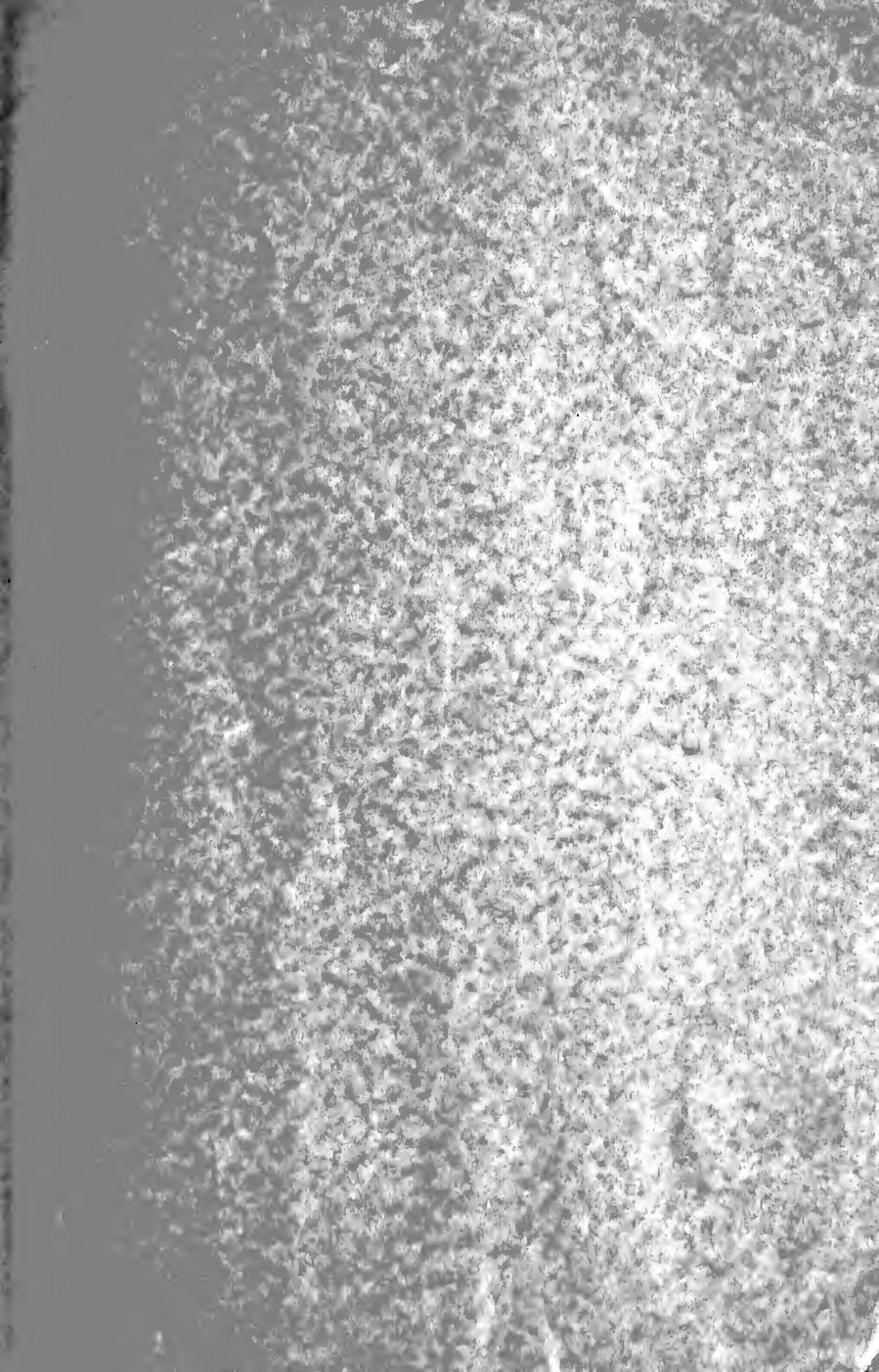
GLADIOLUS

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Plant August to December.	Per Doz.	Per 100
PEACH BLOSSOM—Soft clear pink	\$0.45	\$4.00
THE BRIDE—Pure white	0.45	4.00
GLADIOLUS		
PICARDY—Clear amber pink, very long spiles with mar flowers open		5.00
BETTY NUTHALL—Light coral pink	0.75	5.00
COMMANDER KOEHL—Dark red, very tall	1.00	6.00
PRIMROSE PRINCESS—Fine light yellow	0.70	4.50
MRS. VAN KONIJNENBURG-Lilac blue	0.70	4.50
CORYPHEE—Waxlike pink	0.65	4.00
DR. F. E. BENNETT—One of the best scarlets	0.65	4.00
MAMMOTH WHITE—Immense pure white	0.75	5.00
MINUET — Clear lavender	0.70	4.00
MRS. JOHN S. WOOD—Salmon, flaked rose	0.65	4.00
SALBACH'S ORCHID—Beautiful lavender, pink	0.70	4.50

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